

# Zeynel Bey Tomb relocation - Int'l Open letter to 2 European Companies

Open letter to:

1) Bresser Eurasia BV.

Viltweg 1p, P.O. Box 5231, 3295 ZJ 's-Gravendeel, The Netherlands

2) Korres Engineering

9 Varnali Str., Melissia 151 27, Athens, Greece

Request to withdraw from the relocation of the Zeynel Bey Tomb in  
Hasankeyf/Turkey

05.12.2016

Dear Mr. Taco Bresser, Bresser Eurasia,

Dear Mr. Dimitri Korres, Korres Engineering,

As representatives of civil society organisations working to save

Hasankeyf, an ancient city in the predominantly Kurdish southeast of

Turkey, we write to urge you to withdraw from the project to relocate

the Tomb of Zeynel Bey.

From recent communication with Korres Engineering we understand that

your companies are jointly providing the technical expertise and

capability required to the Turkish company "Er-Bu" for the relocation of

the Zeynel Bey Tomb, with Korres Engineering contributing to

the  
planning and Bresser Eurasia in charge of the physical lifting  
and  
transporting of the monument. We invite you to meet with us to  
discuss  
further the concerns outlined below.



The Zeynel Bey Tomb, built nearly 600 years ago in the late-15th century, is a cultural heritage property of the utmost importance.

Removal from its original location would be a tragic loss for all

humanity. It would also be the first step in the destruction of

Hasankeyf and of the ecosystem of the Tigris Valley, both threatened by

the Ilisu Dam and Hydroelectric Power Plant (HEPP) Project.

Your firms' assistance in the relocation of the Zeynel Bey Tomb provides

critical support to the Ilisu Project, one of the most controversial dam projects in the world and the subject of extensive domestic and international criticism. In June 2009 the Export Credit Agencies (ECAs) of Germany, Switzerland and Austria pulled out of the Ilisu Project – followed by European Banks and most of the companies – due to the extreme impact on cultural heritage, environment and local population. This decision of the ECAs was taken after 2 years of intensive research and discussions. The historical significance of Hasankeyf, especially the city's extraordinary collection of medieval Islamic monuments, played a crucial role in this decision.

If implemented as planned, the Ilisu HEPP Project would flood a 136 km stretch of the Tigris Valley, severely affecting approximately 55.000 people and compromising the habitat of thousands of species, including numerous threatened endemic bird, fish and amphibian species. The area to be flooded includes at least 289 archaeological sites, 199 villages and the ancient city of Hasankeyf. In March 2016, Europa Nostra included Hasankeyf in its 7 Most Endangered programme, describing it as “one of the most important architectural and archaeological sites in Europe”<sup>1</sup>

The Zeynel Bey Tomb is particularly important, not least because it is the most widely recognized symbol for the entire region. Reflecting strong Persian and Central Asian influences, the tomb is a poignant memorial to the rivalry between the Ottomans and the Akkoyunlu, a Turkmen Tribal Confederation that preceded the Safavids in ruling Iran. As the only Timurid-style monument in Anatolia, it expresses the overlap between Anatolian and Iranian civilization in Upper Mesopotamia.

We recognize that your firms' shared values in historical preservation and your expertise in structure relocation may bring you to this project in an attempt to salvage the monument for posterity. However, we are concerned that the project may very likely result in grave and irreparable damage. The beauty of the tomb depends largely on the visual interplay of its shape and colour with the cliffs and peaks of the surrounding landscape. To remove this monument from the alluvial plain to a slope where it will stand close to modern structures and a selection of architectural reconstructions is to rob the region of one of its most distinctive and beloved historic buildings. As the value of Hasankeyf's immovable cultural heritage is inseparable from the well-preserved medieval urban landscape, a small collection of

salvaged

elements would have little significance outside their original context.

There are also legal questions about the bidding process by which the

lead contractor, Er-Bu Insaat, was selected. In addition, the project

has failed to obtain the approval of the regional chambers of architects

and engineers (TMMOB), which is a legal precondition of the project. We

also believe that this failure to consult the public on the decision to

move the tomb, the selection of its new location and the vetting and

validation of the technical plan for moving the structure contravenes

Turkish and European laws and conventions.

We note as well that, in the event that Hasankeyf is spared flooding,

this invaluable cultural landscape has the potential to become a

regional centre of cultural and adventure tourism. This alternative

would create thousands of jobs over the long-term, whereas the Ilisu

Project promises only 150 jobs over the long-term. This is why there is

such overwhelming opposition in the affected region to pursuing such a

destructive project.

The case of the Zeynel Bey Tomb is different from that of Abu Simbel.

Indeed, removal of the Zeynel Bey Tomb would be comparable to the

destruction of the Bamiyan statues, Palmyra and the Mostar Bridge.

To continue your involvement in this project, would, in our view, leave Bresser Eurasia and Korres Engineering open to the charge of being party to the destruction of a monument with outstanding cultural value, with consequent reputational risks. We therefore very much hope that you will withdraw.

As stated above, we would very much welcome a meeting to discuss our concerns further.

Sincerely,

Ercan Ayboga, Initiative to Keep Hasankeyf Alive and Mesopotamian

Ecology Movement

John Crofoot, Hasankeyf Matters

Ali Al-Kharki, Iraqi Coordinator of the Save the Tigris and Iraqi

Marshes Campaign

Toon Bijnens, Iraqi Civil Society Solidarity Initiative

Nicholas Hildyard, Co-Director, The Corner House

Estella Schmid, Peace in Kurdistan Campaign

Heike Drillisch, Counter Current

Peter Bosshard, International Rivers

Ulrich Eichelmann, Riverwatch

Annelies Broekman, Xarxa per una Nova Cultura de l'Aigua

Ismaeel Dawood, Un Ponte Per

Wiert Wiertsema, Senior Policy Adviser, Both ENDS

Signing organizations:

+++ Initiative to Keep Hasankeyf Alive, Turkey +++

## Mesopotamian Ecology

Movement, Turkey +++ Hasankeyf Matters, Turkey +++ Save the Tigris and

Iraqi Marshes Campaign, Iraq +++ Iraqi Civil Society Solidarity

Initiative, Iraq +++ Movement for the Protection of Aracthos River,

Greece +++ Ecological collective of Irakleio, Greece +++ Friends of the

Earth, Greece +++ Cultural Center of Kurdistan, Athens/Greece +++

Network for Social Ecology, Greece +++ Both Ends, Netherlands +++ The

Corner House, UK +++ Peace in Kurdistan Campaign, UK +++ Counter

Current, Germany +++ Ekologistak Martxan, Basque Country +++ BBVAren

aurkako Plataforma, Basque Country +++ Xarxa per una Nova Culutra

del'Aigua, Catalonia +++ Ecologistas en Acción Spain +++ Un Ponte Per,

Italy +++ Rivers Watch, Austria +++ International Rivers, USA +++

Further information:

[www.hasankeyfgirisimi.com](http://www.hasankeyfgirisimi.com) (regional initiative against the Ilisu Project)

[www.hasankeyfmatters.com](http://www.hasankeyfmatters.com) (group working on the cultural heritage in Hasankeyf)

[www.savethetigris.org](http://www.savethetigris.org) (Save the Tigris and Iraqi Marshes Campaign)

[www.stopilisu.com](http://www.stopilisu.com) (former campaign against the European involvement)